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We a	are ce	ertifie	d public a	ccountants	licensed to pr	actice in	Mic	chigan.				
					erial, "no" resp ments and rec				sed in the f	inancial stateme	ents, inclu	uding the notes, or in the
	YES	9	Check ea	ach applic	able box belo	w. (See	inst	tructions for	further det	ail.)		
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3.	×		The local	l unit is in c	compliance wit	h the Un	iforr	m Chart of A	ccounts is:	sued by the Dep	artment	of Treasury.
4.	×		The local	l unit has a	dopted a budg	et for al	l req	uired funds.				
5.	×		A public	hearing on	the budget wa	as held i	n ac	cordance wi	th State st	atute.		
6.	×				ot violated the ssued by the L					sued under the	Emergen	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		The loca	l unit has n	ot been deling	uent in o	ent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.					
8.	×		The local	l unit only l	holds deposits	/investm	ents	that comply	with statu	tory requiremen	ts.	
9.	X				•			•		to our attention of Bull		ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		that have	not been		nmunica	ted t	to the Local	Audit and	Finance Division		during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that h
11.	×		The loca	I unit is free	e of repeated of	commen	ts fro	om previous	years.			
12.	×		The audi	t opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.						
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GEORGETOWN CHARTER TOWNSHIP

OTTAWA COUNTY, MICHIGAN

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended December 31, 2006

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Calvin Scholma Kenneth Scholma Michael Brandsen Emil Sabolish, Jr. David Nienhuis

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

February 23, 2007

Township Board Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan Jenison, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan, as of December 31, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages II through VII and 22 through 25, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information in the additional information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kiekover, Scholma & Shumaker, PC

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Georgetown Charter Township, we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Township's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Georgetown Charter Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$75,603,077 (net assets). Of this amount, \$10,087,899 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Township's total net assets increased by \$1,843,468. Capital assets increased by \$339,034, while restricted net assets decreased by \$5,471 and unrestricted net assets increased by \$1,509,905.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,920,438, a decrease of \$62,706 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81% of this total amount, \$3,973,973 is available for spending at the Township's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$3,725,117 or 51% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- At December 31, 2006 the Township has no outstanding long-term obligations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Georgetown Charter Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and, therefore, are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a longer term view of the Township's finances and whether taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services. The first two statements are government-wide and include the following:

- The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and state shared revenues and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Georgetown Charter Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the Township include of water and sewer disposal systems and an ice arena currently under construction.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-3 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Georgetown Charter Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. These statements present a short-term view and tell how taxpayer resources were spent during the year. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Township's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Georgetown Charter Township maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Library Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and library funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund and library fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4-6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Georgetown Charter Township maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer disposal systems operations and ice arena operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail and information, such as cash flows. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund and Ice Arena Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of Georgetown Charter Township.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Georgetown Charter Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11-21 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* presenting budgetary comparisons for the Township's general and library funds found on pages 22 to 25.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Immediately following the combining fund statements is an additional information section, which provides certain information pertaining to government revenues, expenditures, tax revenues and collections, demographic, and other statistical data.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Georgetown Charter Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$76.4 million at the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

The largest portion of the Township's net assets (86%) reflects its investment in capital assets. The Township uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending.

Restricted net assets of the Township totaled \$.95 million and are reported in the governmental activities. These net assets have limits on their use that are externally imposed by restrictions such as enabling legislation or grantor restrictions. These resources can only be used for the specific purposes for which they were intended, such as expenditures for senior services and cemetery perpetual care. The remaining unrestricted net assets (\$10.1 million) may be used to meet the Township's ongoing operations.

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets of Georgetown Charter Township as of December 31, 2006 and 2005.

TABLE 1 - Georgetown Charter Township's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total					
		2006	2005		2006		2005		2006		2005	
Current and other assets	\$	9,159,701	\$	8,660,336	\$	5,934,489	\$	4,580,471	\$	15,094,190	\$	13,240,807
Capital assets		16,819,695		16,441,069		48,592,486		48,632,078		65,412,181		65,073,147
Total assets		25,979,396	_	25,101,405	_	54,526,975		53,212,549		80,506,371	_	78,313,954
Long-term debt outstanding		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		3,768,993		3,182,847		290,833	_	528,030		4,059,826		3,710,877
Total liabilities		3,768,993		3,182,847	_	290,833	_	528,030		4,059,826	_	3,710,877
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		16,819,695		16,441,069		48,592,486		48,632,078		65,412,181		65,073,147
Restricted		946,465		951,936		-		-		946,465		951,936
Unrestricted	_	4,444,243		4,525,553	_	5,643,656	_	4,052,441	_	10,087,899		8,577,994
Total net assets	\$	22,210,403	\$	21,918,558	\$	54,236,142	<u>\$</u>	52,684,519	\$	76,446,545	\$	74,603,077

As shown in Table 2 (changes in net assets), the Township's total revenues were approximately \$15.7 million for the current year, of which 18.6% was obtained from property taxes. Fees charged for services accounted for another 48.7% of the total, State shared revenues 18.8%, and capital grants and contributions (mostly in the form of water and wastewater hook-ups and developer contributions of systems) another 8.4%. The balance of the Township's revenues was primarily derived from interest earnings and other sources. The total cost of all programs and services at December 31, 2006 was \$12.9 million. Township expenses cover a wide range of services. For the current fiscal year, about 27.1% of the Township's expenses related to public safety and public works, 11.6% related to recreation and culture, and 46.2% related to the provision of water and sewer services.

Net assets increased by \$.3 million for the Township's governmental activities. Net assets for business-type activities increased by \$1.5 million during the year, with the investment in capital assets increasing by \$.3 million.

The following analysis highlights the changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005:

TABLE 2 - Georgetown Charter Township's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental				ess-Type			
		vities			vities		otal	
	2006	2005		2006	2005	2006	2005	
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 1,072,537	\$ 1,033,95	5 \$	6,579,292	\$ 6,453,078	\$ 7,651,829	\$ 7,487,033	
Operating grants and contributions	108,702	79,33	6	-	-	108,702	79,336	
Capital grants and contributions	58,500		-	1,256,998	4,180,027	1,315,498	4,180,027	
General revenues								
Property taxes	2,929,679	2,716,62	3	-	-	2,929,679	2,716,623	
State shared revenues	2,951,464	3,011,45	4	-	-	2,951,464	3,011,454	
Interest	326,879	152,51	9	254,898	145,563	581,777	298,082	
Other revenue	181,232	42,81	3 _			181,232	42,813	
Total revenues	7,628,993	7,036,70	0 _	8,091,188	10,778,668	15,720,181	17,815,368	
Program expenses								
General government	945,024	807,89	0	-	-	945,024	807,890	
Public safety	2,204,669	2,107,29	5	-	-	2,204,669	2,107,295	
Public works	1,280,675	1,240,57	2	-	-	1,280,675	1,240,572	
Community and economic						-	-	
development	22,353	51,17	6	-	-	22,353	51,176	
Recreation and culture	1,487,774	1,413,54	1	-	-	1,487,774	1,413,541	
Water and sewer	-		-	5,944,758	6,024,488	5,944,758	6,024,488	
Ice arena	-		<u>-</u> –	994,807	955,418	994,807	955,418	
Total expenses	5,940,495	5,620,47	4	6,939,565	6,979,906	12,880,060	12,600,380	
Change before contributions								
and transfers	1,688,498	1,416,22	6	1,151,623	3,798,762	2,840,121	5,214,988	
Contributions to permanent funds	32,925	39,00	0	-	-	32,925	39,000	
Transfers in (out)	(400,000)		-	400,000	-	-	-	
Special item - Post-employment health								
care buyout payments	(1,029,578)			-		(1,029,578)		
Change in net assets	\$ 291,845	\$ 1,455,22	<u> </u>	1,551,623	\$ 3,798,762	\$ 1,843,468	\$ 5,253,988	

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

Governmental Funds - Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 4, following the entity wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township Board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages, grants, contributions or capital projects. The Township's major funds for 2006 consist of the General Fund and Library Fund.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Township. Total General Fund revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2006 increased by \$537,094 or 8.0%. Property tax revenues increased by \$213,056 or 7.8%. State shared revenues decreased by \$50,364 or 1.7%. Revenues from licenses and permits increased by \$20,412 or 5.1%. Interest earnings increased by \$161,361 or 106%. Other financing sources increased by \$145,431 mainly due to proceeds from the sale of capital assets recognized in 2006.

General Fund expenditures increased in 2006 by \$830,109 or 18.7%. General government expenditures increased by \$97,931 due to increased expenditures for elections. Public Safety expenditures increased by \$248,310 mainly due to increased capital outlay for fire equipment and disaster warning sirens. Public Works expenditures increased by \$377,938 due to increased expenditures for roads and sidewalks.

The Township expended approximately \$1,024,000 for construction of various road and sidewalk projects. These public works improvements were financed by General Fund appropriations.

General Fund transfers out increase by \$1,385,920 compared to the prior year. During 2006 the General Fund transferred \$950,000 to the Retirement Benefit Fund to fund the buyout of post-employment health care benefits and \$400,000 to the Ice Arena Fund for working capital.

The December 31, 2006 fund balance of the general fund is \$3,725,117 all of which is unreserved. The unreserved fund balance decreased by \$26,209 from the prior year. The \$3,725,117 unreserved fund balance is approximately 51% of 2006 expenditures and operating transfers to other funds which amounted to \$7,261,217.

The Library Fund is used to account for state revenue sharing, library penal fines, other revenues and transfers from the General Fund for library operating purposes. Revenues increased by \$21,441 or 8.2%, while transfers from the General Fund increased by \$32,200 or 6.0%. Expenditures increased by \$82,456 or 11.5%. The Library Fund fund balance at December 31, 2006 totaled \$235,380.

Proprietary Funds – Georgetown Charter Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements (business-type activities) but in more detail. The Township's proprietary funds are comprised of the Water/Sewer Fund and the Ice Arena Fund. Water and Sewer user consumption rates were unchanged from 2005. The Ice Arena was completed in June of 2004 and had its first full year of operations in 2005.

Operating revenues for the Water and Sewer Fund increased in fiscal year 2006 by \$68,661 from \$5,730,683 to \$5,799,344. Operating expenses, including depreciation, decreased in fiscal year 2006 by \$79,730 from \$6,024,488 to \$5,944,758. Capital contributions decreased by \$2,923,029 from \$4,180,027 to \$1,256,998. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund were \$5,512,140 at December 31, 2006. The Water and Sewer Fund had a total increase in net assets of \$1,366,482.

During fiscal year 2006, the Township added approximately \$1.3 million of capital assets to its water and sewer systems, including approximately \$.6 million of capital assets contributed by developers.

Operating revenues for the Ice Arena Fund were \$722,395, an increase of \$57,553 and total operating expenses, including depreciation, were \$994,807, an increase of \$39,389. Unrestricted net assets of the Ice Arena Fund were \$131,516 at December 31, 2006. The Ice Arena Fund had a total increase in net assets of \$185,141, after transfers in from the General Fund of \$400,000 in 2006.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the budget to take into account events during the year. However, there were no significant changes to budgeted revenues or expenditures during the year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2006, the Township had \$65,412,181 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, fire equipment, park land and improvements, bike paths, roads, drains, an ice arena, and water and sewer lines. The Township's investment in roads and drains within the Township are recorded as intangible assets (shared street improvements and flowage rights). Although paid for by the Township, Michigan law makes these assets property of the County (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

At December 31, 2006, the Township had no long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township's budget for 2007 calls for no change in the overall property tax rate of 2.25 mills. This can be accomplished because of the tax base growth. Because of the impact of Proposal A, however, the Township needs to continue to watch its budget very closely. The state-wide tax reform act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5%. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the Township will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions.

The Township plans to continue maintenance and improvement of its general infrastructure, including annual improvements to roads, drains, and bike paths. The 2007 budget provides for about \$2.0 million in General Fund appropriations for these initiatives.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township's finance director.

Basic Financial Statements

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2006

	Governmental	Business Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 6,713,644	\$ 5,078,021	\$ 11,791,665
Receivables:			
Taxes	1,535,336	-	1,535,336
Accounts	80,857	309,554	390,411
Interest	182,853	-	182,853
Due from other governments	467,457	-	467,457
Inventories	-	94,161	94,161
Prepaid items	179,554	-	179,554
Assessments receivable	-	452,753	452,753
Capital assets	16,819,695	48,592,486	65,412,181
Total Assets	25,979,396	54,526,975	80,506,371
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accruals	676,040	290,833	966,873
Deferred revenue	3,092,953	-	3,092,953
Total Liabilities	3,768,993	290,833	4,059,826
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,819,695	48,592,486	65,412,181
Restricted for:			
Senior center	15,301	-	15,301
Perpetual care - nonexpendable	931,164	-	931,164
Unrestricted	4,444,243	5,643,656	10,087,899
Total Net assets	\$22,210,403	\$54,236,142	\$ 76,446,545

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2006

]	Program Revenue	s	
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Function/Programs:					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 945,024	\$ 665,587	\$ -	\$ -	
Public safety	2,204,669	81,948	-	58,500	
Public works	1,280,675	-	-	-	
Community and economic development	22,353	19,860	-	-	
Recreation and culture	1,487,774	305,142	108,702		
Total governmental activities	5,940,495	1,072,537	108,702	58,500	
Business-type activities:					
Water and sewer	5,944,758	5,799,344	-	1,256,998	
Ice arena	994,807	779,948			
Total business-type activities	6,939,565	6,579,292	-	1,256,998	
Total Primary Government	\$12,880,060	\$ 7,651,829	\$ 108,702	\$ 1,315,498	

General revenues:

Property taxes

State shared revenues

Interest

Gain on sale of capital assets

Other

Contributions to permanent funds

Transfers

Special item - Post-employment

health-care buyout payments

Total General Revenues, Contributions,

Transfers and Special Items

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
\$ (279,437)	\$ -	\$ (279,437)
(2,064,221)	-	(2,064,221)
(1,280,675)	-	(1,280,675)
(2,493)	-	(2,493)
(1,073,930)		(1,073,930)
(4,700,756)		(4,700,756)
_	1,111,584	1,111,584
	(214,859)	(214,859)
	896,725	896,725
(4,700,756)	896,725	(3,804,031)
2,929,679	_	2,929,679
2,951,464	_	2,951,464
326,879	254,898	581,777
140,000	-	140,000
41,232	-	41,232
32,925	-	32,925
(400,000)	400,000	-
(1,029,578)	-	(1,029,578)
4,992,601	654,898	6,677,077
291,845	1,551,623	2,873,046
21,918,558	52,684,519	74,603,077
\$22,210,403	\$54,236,142	\$ 77,476,123

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2006

	General	Library	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$5,160,614	\$ 258,022	\$ 1,295,008	\$ 6,713,644
Receivables:				
Taxes	1,535,336	-	-	1,535,336
Accounts	80,857	-	-	80,857
Interest	182,853	-	-	182,853
Prepaid expenses	<u>179,554</u>	-	-	179,554
Total Assets	\$7,139,214	\$ 258,022	\$ 1,295,008	\$ 8,692,244
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 318,331	\$ 22,642	\$ 335,067	\$ 676,040
Deferred revenue	3,095,766			3,095,766
Total Liabilities	3,414,097	22,642	335,067	3,771,806
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved for senior center	-	-	15,301	15,301
Reserved for perpetual care - nonexpendable	-	-	931,164	931,164
Unreserved	3,725,117	235,380	-	3,960,497
Unreserved, reported in:				
Nonmajor special revenue funds	_	-	13,476	13,476
Total Fund Balances	3,725,117	235,380	959,941	4,920,438
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$7,139,214	\$ 258,022	\$ 1,295,008	
Amount reported for governmental activities in the sta Capital assets used in governmental activities are no not reported in the funds:			ecause:	
General capital assets				9,111,977
Infrastructure assets				7,707,718
State shared revenues (sales taxes) collected and hele	d by the State at ver	ar end are not		.,,
considered available to pay for current year expen	•			467,457
Special assessments receivable are expected to be co		l years and		, ,
are not available to pay for current year expenditu		•		2,813
Net Assets of Governmental Activities				\$22,210,403

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2006

i ear	Ended	December	31,	2000	

	General	Library	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	General	Library	Turks	
Taxes	\$2,929,679	\$ -	\$ - '	\$ 2,929,679
Licenses and permits	417,964	-	-	417,964
Grants	58,500	_	46,280	104,780
State shared revenues	2,971,782	31,468	-	3,003,250
Charges for services	123,613	19,334	116,786	259,733
Fines and forfietures	96,490	212,251	-	308,741
Interest	313,880	-	47,406	361,286
Other	129,606	22,036	8,918	160,560
Total Revenues	7,041,514	285,089	219,390	7,545,993
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	825,110	-	39,203	864,313
Public safety	2,550,417	-	· ·	2,550,417
Public works	1,402,156	-	-	1,402,156
Community and economic development	22,353	-		22,353
Recreation and culture	479,508	802,533	197,841	1,479,882
Total Expenditures	5,279,544	802,533	237,044	6,319,121
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,761,970	(517,444)	(17,654)	1,226,872
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers in	53,494	572,200	1,009,473	1,635,167
Transfers out	(1,981,673)	-	(53,494)	(2,035,167)
Sale of capital assets	140,000			140,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,788,179)	572,200	955,979	(260,000)
Special Item:				
Post-employment health care buyout payments		-	(1,029,578)	(1,029,578)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(26,209)	54,756	(91,253)	(62,706)
Fund Balances - January 1	3,751,326	180,624	1,051,194	4,983,144
Fund Balances - December 31	\$3,725,117	\$ 235,380	\$ 959,941	\$ 4,920,438

Georgrtown Charter Township, Michigan RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net change in fund balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$	(62,706)
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Govenmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activites		
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Current year capital outlays capitalized - general capital assets		636,721
Current year capital outlays capitalized - infrastructure capital assets		1,023,891
Current year depreciation expense on capitalized assets	((1,281,986)
Timing of revenue recognition differs in the statement of activities versus the funds		
financial statements for certain revenues that do not provide current financial resources		
State shared revenues		(20,318)
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is		
set; they are not recorded in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		(3,757)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	291,845

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2006

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Ice		
	and Sewer	Arena	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,029,749	\$ 48,272	\$ 5,078,021	
Accounts receivable	305,893	3,661	309,554	
Inventories	<u> </u>	94,161	94,161	
Total Current Assets	5,335,642	146,094	5,481,736	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Assessments receivable	452,753	-	452,753	
Capital assets	40,803,973	7,788,513	48,592,486	
Total Noncurrent Assets	41,256,726	7,788,513	49,045,239	
Total Assets	46,592,368	7,934,607	54,526,975	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accruals	276,255	14,578	290,833	
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	40,803,973	7,788,513	48,592,486	
Unrestricted	5,512,140	131,516	5,643,656	
Total Net Assets	\$46,316,113	\$ 7,920,029	\$54,236,142	

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water	Ice	
	and Sewer	Arena	Total
Operating Revenues:		•	
Water sales	\$ 2,936,370	\$ -	\$ 2,936,370
Sewage disposal service	2,655,644	-	2,655,644
Ice arena rentals and programs	-	602,959	602,959
Ice arena pro shop and concessions sales	-	176,989	176,989
Other revenues	207,330	-	207,330
Total Operating Revenues	5,799,344	779,948	6,579,292
Operating Expenses:			
Cost of water	1,905,344	-	1,905,344
Cost of sewage disposal	1,792,460	-	1,792,460
Cost of pro shop and concessions sales	-	132,547	132,547
Operation and maintenance	491,406	345,742	837,148
General and administrative	609,157	290,686	899,843
Depreciation	1,146,391	225,832	1,372,223
Total Operating Expenses	5,944,758	994,807	6,939,565
Operating Income (Loss)	(145,414)	(214,859)	(360,273)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Interest income	254,898	-	254,898
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	109,484	(214,859)	(105,375)
Capital contributions	1,256,998	_	1,256,998
Transfers in	-	400,000	400,000
Change in Net Assets	1,366,482	185,141	1,551,623
Net Assets - January 1	44,949,631	7,734,888	52,684,519
Net Assets - December 31	\$ 46,316,113	\$ 7,920,029	\$ 54,236,142

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water	Ice	
	and Sewer	Arena	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 5,810,516	\$ 783,774	\$ 6,594,290
Payments to suppliers	(4,613,810)	(519,310)	(5,133,120)
Payments to employees	(411,020)	(233,802)	(644,822)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	785,686	30,662	816,348
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers from/to other funds	-	400,000	400,000
Repayment of advances from other funds		(400,000)	(400,000)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>-</u>	-	-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Capital contributions	738,779	-	738,779
Construction and purchase of capital assets	(687,283)	-	(687,283)
Net Cash Provided By			
Capital and Related Financing Activities	51,496	-	51,496
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest received on investments	254,898		254,898
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	1,092,080	30,662	1,122,742
Cash and Investments - January 1	3,937,669	17,610	3,955,279
Cash and Investments - December 31	\$ 5,029,749	\$ 48,272	\$ 5,078,021
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Provided By Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(145,414)	\$ (214,859)	\$ (360,273)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	(1.0,11.)	(211,000)	Ψ (300,273)
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,146,391	225,832	1,372,223
Change in assets and liabilities:			, ,
Receivables	11,172	3,826	14,998
Inventories	-	26,597	26,597
Accounts payable and accruals	(226,463)	(10,734)	(237, 197)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ 785,686	\$ 30,662	\$ 816,348
Noncash capital financing activities:			
Contribution of capital assets from developers	\$ 645,348	\$ -	\$ 645,348

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2006

	Agency Fund
	Tax
	Collection
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,243,406
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governments	<u>\$ 1,243,406</u>

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2006

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Georgetown Charter Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Georgetown Charter Township:

A. Reporting Entity

Georgetown Charter Township is governed by an elected seven-member board of trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the township's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Unit. The township has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Unit. The township has no discretely presented component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. (Georgetown Charter Township has no such component units.)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. Sales taxes (state shared revenues) collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the township and paid to the township at the end of the following February are recognized as revenue in the year received. Such amounts are not normally received within 60 days of the current fiscal year and are budgeted for use by the township in the year received. Other revenue is recorded when received.

The township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Library (Special Revenue) Fund:

The Library Fund accounts for restricted state revenue sharing, library penal fines, other revenues and transfers from the general fund used for library purposes.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund

This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of a water distribution system, including storage tanks, pumping stations, distribution mains and services and related equipment. Water is purchased from the City of Wyoming for storage and distribution to the township's customers.

This fund also accounts for the operation and maintenance of a wastewater collection system. The township contracts for wastewater treatment services through the City of Grandville Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Ice Arena Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a township owned ice arena which opened for operation in 2004. The ice arena is available for use by the general public.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes or monies received from other funds for specified purposes.

Permanent Fund

The Permanent Fund accounts for assets held by the township pursuant to a trust agreement. The principle portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for assets held by the township in a purely custodial capacity. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The township has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the township's water and sewer function and various other functions of the township. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Bank Deposits and Investments.

The township pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. The balances in the pooled cash accounts are available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest bearing securities and disclosed as part of the township's investments. The Perpetual Care Fund and Escrow Deposit Fund maintain accounts on a separate basis outside of the combined cash management pool.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds type considers all transactions within the township's pooled cash accounts to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Interest income earned by the pool is allocated by capturing the average daily balance of each individual fund relative to the average daily balance of all funds participating in the pool.

2. Receivables and Payables.

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items.

Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are not material and are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (\$20,000 for business-type activities) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year \$0 of interest expense was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Included in capital assets are the township's investment in roads and drains within the township that are recorded as intangible assets (shared road improvements and flowage rights). Although paid for by the township, Michigan law makes these assets property of the County (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	40
Water and Sewer Lines	50
Roads (shared road improvements)	15
Drains (flowage rights)	15
Vehicles	5-20
Office furniture and equipment	5

5. Compensated Absences.

It is the township's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for sick leave since the township does not have a policy to pay amounts when the employees separate from service from the township. If material, all vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only for employee terminations at year-end.

6. Long-Term Obligations.

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

E. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Real and personal property taxes are collected without additional charge through February 14. The township continues to collect taxes until March 1, at which time the delinquent real property taxes are returned to the county for collection. Taxes returned delinquent to the county treasurer are subject to penalty and interest. The county's policy has been to pay the township for all delinquent real property taxes returned. The township continues to collect delinquent personal property taxes.

Although the township's 2005 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2005, it is the township's policy to recognize revenue from this levy in the year ended December 31, 2006, when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made available for the financing of operations.

The 2005 taxable valuation of the township totaled \$1,273,457,652, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 2.2500 mills for township operating purposes, raising \$2,865,201 for operating. This amount is recognized in the General Fund as tax revenue.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABLITIY

State Construction Code Act - The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The township charges fees for these services. Beginning January 1, 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs.

The township accounts for the activity of its building inspection department within its general fund. Following is a summary of the cumulative deficit and activity for the year ended December 31, 2006:

Surplus (deficit) - December 31, 2005		\$ (382,786)
Charges for services	\$ 41,169	
Building inspection expenditures	188,913	(147,744)
Surplus (deficit) - December 31, 2006		\$(530,530)

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The governing body has designated several banks for the deposit of township funds. The investment policy adopted by the township in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all of the State statutory authority as listed above.

The township's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,713,644	\$ 5,078,021	\$ 1,243,406	\$ 13,035,071
The breakdown between deposits a	and investments is a	s follows:		
Bank Deposits (checking a Investments	and savings account	ts, certificates of de	eposit)	\$ 12,532,342 502,729
Total				\$ 13,035,071

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the township's deposits may not be returned. The township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the bank balance of the township's deposits was \$14,523,233 of which \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$14,023,233 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits township funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Investments

The township chooses to disclose its investments by utilizing the specific identification method. As of December 31, 2006 the township had the following investments.

US Treasury Note, maturing 5-15-2017 \$ 502,729

Interest rate risk. Except as limited by state law as listed in the above list of authorized investments the township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. The township has no investment policy that limits its investment choices beyond those required by state law. The township's investments in US Government Obligations are not subject to credit risk disclosure.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the township will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the outside party. The township has not adopted a policy for investment custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2006, the township's \$502,729 in investments in US Treasury Notes was held by a third party in the township's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law does not limit and the township has not adopted a formal policy on the amount the township may invest in any one issuer. All investments held by the township at December 31, 2006 are guaranteed by the US government.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the township's individual major funds and non-major funds and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Water and		
	General	Sewer	Ice Arena	Total
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$ 1,535,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,535,336
Accounts	80,857	305,893	3,661	390,411
Interest	182,853	-	-	182,853
Special assessments	-	452,753		452,753
Gross receivables	1,799,046	758,646	3,661	2,561,353
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	-		-	
Net Total Receivables	\$ 1,799,046	\$ 758,646	\$ 3,661	\$ 2,561,353

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	Unavailable	<u>Unavailable</u> <u>Unearne</u>		
Property taxes Special assessments	\$ 3,092,953 2,813	\$	-	
Special assessments			-	
Total	\$ 3,095,766	\$	_	

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 968,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 968,213
Construction in progress	_	-	-	_
Subtotal	968,213			968,213
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Building and improvements	6,982,113	-	-	6,982,113
Land improvements	1,724,532	117,022	-	1,841,554
Machinery and equipment	727,810	79,085	-	806,895
Office furniture and equipment	226,625	-	_	226,625
Vehicles	1,860,804	440,614	(49,202)	2,252,216
Infrastructure	14,864,209	1,023,891		15,888,100
Subtotal	26,386,093	1,660,612	(49,202)	27,997,503
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(1,576,542)	(174,553)	_	(1,751,095)
Land improvements	(502,441)			(588,168)
Machinery and equipment	(661,346)		_	(680,709)
Office furniture and equipment	(226,625)		_	(226,625)
Vehicles	(655,008)		49,202	(719,042)
Infrastructure	(7,291,275)		-7,202	(8,180,382)
				(-,,
Subtotal	(10,913,237)	(1,281,986)	49,202	(12,146,021)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	15,472,856	378,626	_	15,851,482
Governmental Activities Total				
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 16,441,069	\$ 378,626	\$ -	<u>\$ 16,819,695</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to government	al functions as fol	lows:		
Governmental Activities:				
General government			\$	80,711
Public safety				173,951
Public works				902,410
Community and economic development				-
Recreation and culture				124,914
Total			\$ 1.	281,986
1 Otal			ΨΙ	201,700

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	¢ 266.225	c	Φ.	.
Land	\$ 266,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 266,225
Construction in progress	893,251	510,569	(1,403,820)	
Subtotal	1,159,476	510,569	(1,403,820)	266,225
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Ice Arena				
Buildings	7,926,891	-	-	7,926,891
Furniture and equipment Water and Sewer	266,377	-	-	266,377
Buildings	1,079,852	-	-	1,079,852
Furniture and equipment	94,915	58,716	(3,656)	149,975
Vehicles	132,011	17,997	(16,873)	133,135
Water systems	20,266,529	1,606,969	-	21,873,498
Sewer systems	33,039,639	542,200		33,581,839
Subtotal	62,806,214	2,225,882	(20,529)	65,011,567
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Ice Arena	(227.22)			
Buildings	(297,258)	(198,172)	-	(495,430)
Furniture and equipment Water and Sewer	(41,490)	(27,660)	-	(69,150)
Buildings	(372,996)	(53,992)	-	(426,988)
Furniture and equipment	(47,408)	(15,836)	3,656	(59,588)
Vehicles	(104,841)	(10,439)	16,873	(98,407)
Water systems	(5,302,855)	(405,331)	-	(5,708,186)
Sewer systems	(9,166,764)	(660,793)	-	(9,827,557)
Subtotal	(15,333,612)	(1,372,223)	20,529	(16,685,306)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	47,472,602	853,659		48,326,261
Business Type Activities Total				
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 48,632,078	\$ 1,364,228	\$ (1,403,820)	\$ 48,592,486

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-Type Actvities:	
Ice arena	\$ 225,832
Water and Sewer	 1,146,391
Total	\$ 1,372,223

Construction Commitments-The township had no significant construction commitments at December 31, 2006.

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

At December 31, 2006, there were no interfund balances. Interfund transfers reported in the funds statements were as follows:

	Transfers Out Non-Major							
	General		Governmental					
Transfers In	Fur	nd		Funds		Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	53,494	(1)	\$ 53,494		
Library Fund	57	2,200 (2))	-		572,200		
Senior Center Fund	5	9,473 (3))	-		59,473		
Retirement Benefit Fund	95	0,000 (4))	-		950,000		
Ice Arena Fund	40	0,000 (5))	-		400,000		
Total	\$ 1,98	1,673	\$	53,494		\$ 2,035,167		

The following describes the nature of significant transfers:

- (1) Transfer of Perpetual Care Fund earnings to General Fund to be used for cemetery care expenses
- (2) Transfer from General Fund to Library Fund for operating purposes
- (3) Transfer from General Fund to Senior Center Fund for operating purposes
- (4) Transfer from General Fund to Retirement Benefit Fund to fund post employment health care buyout payments
- (5) Transfer from General Fund to Ice Arena Fund to fund payback of advance

E. Long-Term Debt

The township has no long-term debt at December 31, 2006.

Georgetown Charter Township, along with other local municipalities, purchases water from the City of Wyoming for storage and distribution to the township's customers. The City of Wyoming bills Ottawa County for this water purchase which in turn bills the individual municipalities.

Ottawa County has issued general obligation bonds to provide for the construction and acquisition of a portion of the City of Wyoming water system for the benefit of the local municipalities. Each participating municipality has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of its respective share of contract payments to Ottawa County sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds.

Separate contract payments for principal and interest on these bonds are not made by the township but instead are included as part of the overall water rate charged by Ottawa County to the township.

At December 31, 2006, the portion of these Ottawa County bonds outstanding for which the township has pledged its full faith and credit amounted to \$4,875,884.

In January 2007, the Township board approved participation in the 2007 Water Supply System Contract with Ottawa County under essentially the same terms as noted above. Ottawa County will issue bonds to finance a portion of improvements and expansion to the City of Wyoming water system. These new bonds will increase Georgetown Charter Township's respective share of bonds for which it has pledged its full faith and credit by approximately \$10,500,000.

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The township has purchased full multi-peril insurance coverage underwritten by the Michigan Township Participating Plan. The township is fully insured for workers compensation claims by coverage underwritten by the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of its activities, the township has become party to various legal actions. The proceedings have not yet progressed to the point where an opinion can be reached as to the ultimate liability, if any, to the township. No liability has been provided for any of these matters in the December 31, 2006 financial statements.

C. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

The township provides post-employment health care benefits to certain retired employees. For employees hired between January 1, 2001 and June 9, 2003, the Township will pay 50% of the employee's medical insurance premium for those who retire under the "80 year rule". Under the 80-year rule an employee is eligible to retire if their years of age added to their years of service equal or exceed 80 years provided they have at least twenty years of continuous service. For employees hired prior to January 1, 2001 and after January 1, 1996, the Township will pay 50% of the employee's medical insurance premium for those who retire under the "80 year rule" provided they have at least ten years of continuous service. For employees hired prior to January 1, 1996, the Township will pay the employee's medical insurance premium for those employees who either 1.) retire after the age of 62 who have been full-time employees of the township for more than 10 years; or 2.) retire under the "80 year rule".

The township expended \$23,019 to provide insurance coverage for 5 retired employees during 2006. Expenditures for post-employment health care benefits have been recognized in the general fund as transfers are made and in the retirement benefit fund as the township makes payment of monthly premiums to the provider insurance company.

At December 31, 1993 the township established a separate retirement benefit fund to account for monies received for and the future payment of these post-employment health care benefits.

During 2006, the Township Board approved a plan offering a voluntary buyout to eligible retirees and current employees that would be eligible for future participation. 22 of 23 individuals accepted the buyout arrangement and the township made payments totaling \$1,029,578 in satisfaction of this plan. To fund this buyout the township transferred \$950,000 from the General Fund to the Retirement Benefit Fund during 2006.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The assets of the plan were held in trust as described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted for any other use. The Administrators are the agents of the employer for the purpose of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial accounts from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of the assets to or from the account and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the township's financial statements.

E. Pension Plan

The Georgetown Charter Township Group Pension Plan is a defined contribution plan established by the township to provide benefits at retirement to employees of the township meeting length of service requirements. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. At December 31, 2006 there were 25 plan members. No contributions are required of plan members. The township contribution is 11.5% of covered salary and amounted to \$133,877 for 2006. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Georgetown Charter Township Board.

Required Supplementary Information

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2006

				Variance
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$2,918,550	\$2,923,550	\$2,929,679	\$ 6,129
Licenses and permits	331,375	331,375	417,964	86,589
Grants	-	-	58,500	58,500
State shared revenues	2,862,500	2,862,500	2,971,782	109,282
Charges for services	122,900	122,900	123,613	713
Fines and forfietures	75,000	75,000	96,490	21,490
Interest	40,000	155,600	313,880	158,280
Other	96,000	96,000	129,606	33,606
Total Revenues	6,446,325	6,566,925	7,041,514	474,589
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Township Board	50,600	50,600	42,763	7,837
Supervisor	118,589	118,589	117,471	1,118
Township office	160,623	160,623	80,702	79,921
Elections	64,000	99,600	96,286	3,314
Assessor	110,947	110,947	102,569	8,378
Clerk	109,460	109,460	83,443	26,017
Board of Review	2,150	2,150	1,927	223
Treasurer	108,891	108,891	106,042	2,849
Cemetery	194,300	194,300	193,907	393
Total General Government	919,560	955,160	825,110	130,050
Public Safety:				
Sheriff E-Unit	1,352,000	1,352,000	1,158,021	193,979
School safety	59,100	59,100	59,112	(12)
Fire department	1,143,800	1,143,800	1,049,749	94,051
Building inspection	189,200	189,200	188,913	287
Civil defense	15,137	95,137	94,622	515
Total Public Safety	2,759,237	2,839,237	2,550,417	288,820
Public Works:				
Drains	203,000	103,000	43,633	59,367
Highways, streets and bridges	1,558,000	1,958,000	1,054,678	903,322
Street lighting	311,000	311,000	303,845	7,155
Total Public Works	2,072,000	2,372,000	1,402,156	969,844

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2006

				Variance
	Budgeted		Actual	with Final
Community and Francis Davidsonments	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Community and Economic Development:	52.042	52,042	17,803	24 220
Planning Commission	52,042	•	,	34,239
Zoning Board of Appeals	4,995	4,995	4,550	445
Total Community and				
Economic Development	57,037	57,037	22,353	34,684
Recreation and Culture:				
Parks	358,700	408,700	407,903	797
Community projects	63,900	63,900	63,883	17
Historical society	24,110	24,110	7,722	16,388
Total Recreation and Culture	446,710	496,710	479,508	17,202
Total Expenditures	6,254,544	6,720,144	5,279,544	1,440,600
Excess Of Revenues Over Expenditures	191,781	(153,219)	1,761,970	1,915,189
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	40,000	40,000	53,494	13,494
Transfers out	(631,673)	(1,031,673)	(1,031,673)	-
Transfers out-Retirement Benefit	-	(950,000)	(950,000)	-
Sale of capital assets	3,000	135,000	140,000	5,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(588,673)	(1,806,673)	(1,788,179)	18,494
Net Change in Fund Balances	(396,892)	(1,959,892)	(26,209)	1,933,683
Fund Balances - January 1	3,751,326	3,751,326	3,751,326	
Fund Balances - December 31	\$3,354,434	\$1,791,434	\$3,725,117	\$1,933,683

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LIBRARY FUND Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:				
State shared revenues	\$ 31,366	\$ 31,366	\$ 31,468	\$ 102
Charges for services	16,000	16,000	19,334	3,334
Fines and forfietures	176,500	206,500	212,251	5,751
Other	5,100	5,100	22,036	16,936
Total Revenues	228,966	258,966	285,089	26,123
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Recreation and culture	840,480	840,480	802,533	37,947
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(611,514)	(581,514)	(517,444)	64,070
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers in	572,200	572,200	572,200	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(39,314)	(9,314)	54,756	64,070
Fund Balances - January 1	180,624	180,624	180,624	-
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 141,310	\$ 171,310	\$ 235,380	\$ 64,070

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended December 31, 2005

NOTE - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Before November 30, the proposed budget is presented to the Township Board for review. The Board holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than November 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity. Budgetary control over expenditures is exercised by the Township Board. Appropriated budgets are amended by a majority vote of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the activity level within the fund. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc., are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Supplemental Data Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or for monies received from other funds for specified purposes.

Senior Center Fund – was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Senior Center.

Retirement Benefit Fund – was established to accounts for monies received for and the payment of post-employment heath care benefits.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds account for assets held by the township pursuant to a trust agreement. The principle portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Perpetual Care Fund – was established to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain the township cemetery.

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2006

	Spec	cial Revenue F	unds	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor
	Senior	Retirement		Perpetual	Governmental
	Center	Benefit	Total	Care	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 25,270	\$ 338,574	\$ 363,844	\$ 931,164	\$ 1,295,008
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 9,969	\$ 325,098	\$ 335,067	<u> </u>	\$ 335,067
Fund Balances:					
Reserved	15,301	-	15,301	931,164	946,465
Unreserved		13,476	13,476		13,476
Total Fund Balances	15,301	13,476	28,777	931,164	959,941
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 25,270	\$ 338,574	\$ 363,844	\$ 931,164	\$ 1,295,008

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds						Permanent Fund		r
	Senio		rement			Perpetu		Nonmajor Governmen	
	Cente	r Be	enefit	Total		Care		Funds	
Revenues:									
Grants	\$ 46,2	280 \$	-	\$ 46,2	280	\$	-	\$ 46,28	0
Charges for services	63,8	361	20,000	83,8	861	32,9	25	116,78	6
Interest		-	12,999	12,9	99	53,4	194	66,49	3
Change in fair value of investments		- ,	-		-	(19,0)8 7)	(19,08)	7)
Other	8,9	<u> </u>	-	8,9	18	*****		8,91	8
Total Revenues	119,0)59	32,999	152,0	058	67,3	32	219,39	<u>0</u>
Expenditures:									
Current:									_
General government			39,203	39,2			-	39,20	
Recreation and culture	197,8	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	197,8	41			197,84	1
Total Expenditures	197,8	341	39,203	237,0	44			237,04	<u>4</u>
Excess of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	(78,7	(82)	(6,204)	(84,9	86)	67,3	32	(17,654	<u>4</u>)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	59,4	73 9:	50,000	1,009,4	73		-	1,009,473	3
Transfers out		-				(53,4	94)	(53,494	<u>4</u>)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	59,4	73 9:	50,000	1,009,4	73	(53,4	94)	955,979	<u>9</u>
Special Item:									
Post-employment health care buyout payments		- (1,02	29,578)	(1,029,5	<u>78</u>)			(1,029,578	3)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,3	09) (8	85,782)	(105,0	91)	13,8	38	(91,253	3)
Fund Balances - January 1	34,6	10 9	99,258	133,8	68	917,3	<u> 26</u>	1,051,194	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 15,3	01 \$ 1	13,476	\$ 28,7	77	\$ 931,1	<u>64</u>	\$ 959,941	_

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SECTION

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Community and Economic Development	Recreational And Cultural	Other	Total
1997	\$ 714,266	\$ 2,155,801	\$ 1,836,622	\$ 44,848	\$ 796,604	\$ 7,678	\$ 5,555,819
1998	1,043,056	1,939,935	1,651,127	46,305	884,622	8,000	5,573,045
1999	748,181	3,574,383	1,108,454	44,851	851,086	8,100	6,335,055
2000	894,666	1,749,867	2,030,495	68,772	927,080	8,963	5,679,843
2001	843,521	2,139,821	1,213,973	66,298	1,444,314	8,963	5,716,890
2002	819,625	2,002,563	1,240,205	56,154	1,352,726	-	5,471,273
2003	991,135	2,107,159	1,253,680	57,548	1,628,169	-	6,037,691
2004	844,736	1,896,129	782,793	60,512	1,153,236	-	4,737,406
2005	727,179	2,302,107	973,932	51,176	1,290,461	-	5,344,855
2006	864,313	2,550,417	1,402,156	22,353	1,479,882	-	6,319,121

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCES - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Licenses And Permits	Grants	State Shared Revenues	Charges For Services	Fines and Forfietures
1997	\$ 1,130,142	\$ 337,677	\$ 5,596	\$ 2,450,983	\$ 141,284	\$ 224,574
1998	1,656,867	420,651	12,000	2,305,109	153,092	210,944
1999	2,033,377	375,723	-	2,529,473	151,588	234,601
2000	2,162,171	389,122	25,920	2,670,104	147,332	242,113
2001	2,345,542	622,900	3,307	3,760,171	167,644	242,415
2002	2,517,996	626,311	46,037	3,501,380	249,563	281,828
2003	2,685,913	663,512	150,617	3,224,319	233,855	259,741
2004	2,822,024	403,159	47,537	3,029,132	277,534	261,168
2005	2,716,623	397,552	41,450	3,060,032	249,215	295,447
2006	2,929,679	417,964	104,780	3,003,250	259,733	308,741

Interest			Other	Total
\$	221,046	\$	76,680	\$ 4,587,982
	148,627		89,184	4,996,474
	204,550	1	,438,808	6,968,120
	219,128		111,142	5,967,032
	273,730		137,646	7,553,355
	224,497		168,962	7,616,574
	155,014		272,026	7,644,997
	99,027		145,186	7,084,767
	188,260		143,399	7,091,978
	361,286		160,560	7,545,993

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Collections to March 1, Year Following Levy			
Ended December 31 *	Tax Levy	Amount	%		
1997	\$ 18,610,036	\$ 18,200,244	97.80		
1998	20,326,444	19,811,880	97.47		
1999	22,021,341	21,329,534	96.86		
2000	24,074,043	23,426,819	97.31		
2001	25,512,127	24,676,778	96.73		
2002	27,200,353	26,392,702	97.03		
2003	29,647,615	28,705,682	96.82		
2004	30,047,965	29,157,068	97.04		
2005	32,942,827	32,329,468	98.14		
2006	35,358,222	34,588,864	97.82		

^{*} Taxes levied on December 1 of prior year.

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan STATE EQUALIZED VALUE (1) OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total
1997	\$ 766,660,482	\$ 33,855,700	\$ 800,516,182
1998	850,496,074	35,513,128	886,009,202
1999	923,877,503	38,682,468	962,559,971
2000	1,005,170,850	41,349,300	1,046,520,150
2001	1,100,610,466	43,863,200	1,144,473,666
2002	1,184,887,022	44,280,300	1,229,167,322
2003	1,260,950,068	40,979,800	1,301,929,868
2004	1,327,628,621	39,854,700	1,367,483,321
2005	1,424,627,873	40,084,200	1,464,712,073
2006	1,511,744,878	41,062,300	1,552,807,178

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Assessed values are established annually by the county and equalized by the state. State equalized values represent 50% of market value as determined by the State Tax Commission on the fourth Monday in May of each year.

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan COMPONENTS OF STATE EQUALIZED VALUE - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Agricultural	Commercial	Industrial	Residental	Total Real
1997	\$ 7,083,315	\$ 96,751,408	\$ 14,709,470	\$ 648,116,289	\$ 766,660,482
1998	9,416,011	100,666,861	19,273,869	721,139,333	850,496,074
1999	8,302,791	103,993,602	21,544,087	790,037,023	923,877,503
2000	8,471,637	114,302,567	24,017,959	858,378,687	1,005,170,850
2001	8,969,381	115,624,897	29,306,668	946,709,520	1,100,610,466
2002	9,572,750	121,460,661	31,526,374	1,022,327,237	1,184,887,022
2003	6,437,609	123,214,716	33,143,189	1,098,154,554	1,260,950,068
2004	6,315,627	123,841,331	34,084,965	1,163,386,698	1,327,628,621
2005	6,839,167	136,432,397	33,260,749	1,248,095,560	1,424,627,873
2006	7,232,562	143,360,458	36,836,623	1,324,315,235	1,511,744,878

Total Personal	Total SEV
\$ 33,855,700	\$ 800,516,182
35,513,128	886,009,202
38,682,468	962,559,971
41,349,300	1,046,520,150
43,863,200	1,144,473,666
44,280,300	1,229,167,322
40,979,800	1,301,929,868
39,854,700	1,367,483,321
40,084,200	1,464,712,073
41,062,300	1,552,807,178

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan MAJOR TAXPAYERS - UNAUDITED

Taxpayer	Principal Product/Service		2006 Taxable Value	Percent Of Total 2006 Taxable Value
Consumers Energy	Utility	\$	9,595,712	0.71%
BBG Corporation	Apartments		7,904,924	0.58%
Michigan Consolidated Gas	Utility		6,322,038	0.46%
Brookmeadow No. 2	Apartments		5,956,737	0.44%
Brookmeadow Ltd Partners	Apartments		5,019,419	0.37%
Meijer Inc.	Retail Store		3,997,417	0.29%
RiverView Associates	Apartments		3,437,178	0.25%
Dayton Hudson Corp	Retail		2,901,305	0.21%
Oak Crest Homes, Inc.	Retirement Housing		2,867,831	0.21%
KM Jenison LLC	Retail	_	2,798,000	0.20%
Total Taxable Value of Ten Largest Taxpayers			50,800,561	
Total Taxable Value of All Other Taxpaye	ris	_1,	,314,191,473	
Total Taxable Value of All Taxpayers		\$1,	,364,992,034	

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Georgetown Township	Michigan	Ottawa County	School District	Intermediate District	
Year	Operating	State Education	Operating & E-911	Operating and Debt	Operating, Debt and Special Ed	Totals
1997	2.2050	6.0000	4.6985	23.9500	3.4664	40.3199
1998	2.5050	6.0000	4.8040	23.9500	3.4588	40.7178
1999	2.5050	6.0000	4.3812	23.9500	4.3353	41.1715
2000	2.5000	6.0000	4.3760	23.8960	4.2999	41.0719
2001	2.5000	6.0000	4.2722	23.7520	4.2854	40.8096
2002	2.5000	6.0000	4.1672	25.0020	4.2688	41.9380
2003	2.5000	5.0000	4.1611	25.2000	4.2305	41.0916
2004	2.2500	6.0000	4.2593	25.2000	4.2192	41.9285
2005	2.2500	6.0000	4.2579	25.2000	4.2109	41.9188
2006	2.2500	6.0000	4.2572	25.0434	4.2093	41.7599

Notes:

- (1) Georgetown Charter Township is situated within the boundaries of several school districts. The Jenison School District tax rates were selected for use in this table.
- (2) The 1997 2006 School District Operating and Debt rate includes 18.0000 mills which is levied on non-homestead property only.

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO STATE EQUALIZED VALUE - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	V	State qualized Valuation (2) (in nousands)	Gro Bon Deb (i Thous	ded t (1) n	Ser Mo Avai (i	ebt vice nies ilable in sands)	Bor Do	let nded ebt in sands)	Ratio Of Net Bonded Debt To State Equalized Value
1997	\$	723,515	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
1998		800,516		-		-		-	-
1999		886,009		-		-		-	-
2000		962,560		-		-		-	-
2001		1,046,520		-		-		-	-
2002		1,144,474		-		-		-	-
2003		1,229,167		-		-		-	-
2004		1,301,930		-		-		-	-
2005		1,367,483		-		-		-	-
2006		1,464,712		-		-		-	-

Notes:

- (1) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt.
- (2) State equalized value is for prior year.

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan BONDED INDEBTEDNESS SUMMARY - UNAUDITED

as of December 31, 2006						\$ -
Indirect Debt:	<i></i>		G . 1	1.		4,875,884
Act 342 Water and Sewer Bonds (Township's share of Ottawa County bonds)						
Net Direct and Indirect Debt						4,875,884
Overlapping Bonded Indebtedness						
s of December 31, 2006 Total Georgetown Towns						n's Share
Municipality	Taxable Value	Debt		Taxable Value	%	Debt
Jenison School District	\$ 779,534,767	\$	55,820,000	\$ 779,534,767	100.00%	\$ 55,820,000
Hudsonville School District	1,112,212,091	Ф	76,486,886	546,982,383	49.18%	37,616,008
Grandville School District	1,372,758,403		40,950,000	38,474,884	2.80%	1,147,723
Ottawa County at Large	9,027,094,310		22,685,000	1,364,992,034	15.12%	3,430,212
Ottawa Intermediate District	10,282,608,679		7,485,000	1,326,517,150	12.90%	965,609
Kent Intermediate District	20,664,782,126		-	38,474,884	0.19%	-
Grand Rapids Community College	20,664,782,126		54,210,000	38,474,884	0.19%	100,931
Net Overlapping Debt						99,080,483
Net Direct, Indirect and Overlappin	ng Deht					\$103,956,367
Net Direct, indirect and overlapping	ng 2001					Ψ103,750,307
Summary of Direct, Indirect and C						¥103,230,307
Summary of Direct, Indirect and C			44,500			<u> </u>
	overlapping Debt	\$ 3	44,500 5,105,614,356			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate	overlapping Debt	\$ 1	,105,614,356 ,552,807,178			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value	overlapping Debt	\$ 1	,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV	overlapping Debt	\$ 1	,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value	overlapping Debt	\$ 1	,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV	overlapping Debt	\$ 1	,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	3,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895 30,674 4,875,884 109.57			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	3,105,614,356 ,,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895 30,674 4,875,884 109.57 0.16%			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value Ratio to SEV	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	4,105,614,356 ,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895 30,674 4,875,884 109.57 0.16% 0.31%			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	3,105,614,356 ,,552,807,178 ,364,992,034 34,895 30,674 4,875,884 109.57 0.16%			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value Ratio to SEV Ratio to Taxable Value Net Direct, Indirect And Overlappi	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	4,875,884 109.57 0.16% 0.36% 103,956,367			#103,730,307
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value Ratio to SEV Ratio to Taxable Value Net Direct, Indirect And Overlapping Per Capita	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1	4,875,884 109.57 0.36% 103,956,367 2,336.10			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value Ratio to SEV Ratio to Taxable Value Net Direct, Indirect And Overlappi Per Captia Ratio to true cash value	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1 \$ \$	4,875,884 109,57 0.36% 103,956,367 2,336.10 3.35%			<u> </u>
Summary of Direct, Indirect and Corporation estimate Actual Valuation (True Cash Value SEV Taxable Value Per Capita SEV Per Capita Taxable Valuation Net Direct and Indirect Debt Per Capita Ratio to True Cash Value Ratio to SEV Ratio to Taxable Value Net Direct, Indirect And Overlapping Per Capita	overlapping Debt	\$ 1 \$ 1 \$ \$	4,875,884 109.57 0.36% 103,956,367 2,336.10			¥103,730,307

Georgetown Charter Township, Michigan CONSTURCTION PERMIT VALUES - UNAUDITED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year		nmercial ruction (1)	Residential Construction (1)			
Ended December 31	Number Of Units	Value	Number Of Units	Value		
1997	23	\$ 8,580,527	589	\$ 52,899,609		
1998	72	16,771,764	569	48,853,034		
1999	73	17,617,192	609	49,036,065		
2000	34	10,706,820	528	50,243,114		
2001	11	8,375,740	258	39,400,421		
2002	10	2,042,605	283	46,982,298		
2003	11	2,167,109	315	52,377,441		
2004	34	10,091,700	369	63,214,948		
2005	19	4,163,400	323	54,117,425		
2006	10 Note:	3,474,000	181	35,551,485		

⁽¹⁾ Includes additions, remodeling and new construction 1997 - 2000 Includes only new construction 2001 - 2006

Information for this table provided by the Township Building department.